



# BELIZE Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2015

Key Findings  
August, 2016



 MICS





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## Introduction

The Belize Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) was carried out in 2015-2016 by Statistical Institute of Belize in collaboration with The Government of Belize and UNICEF, as part of the global MICS programme.

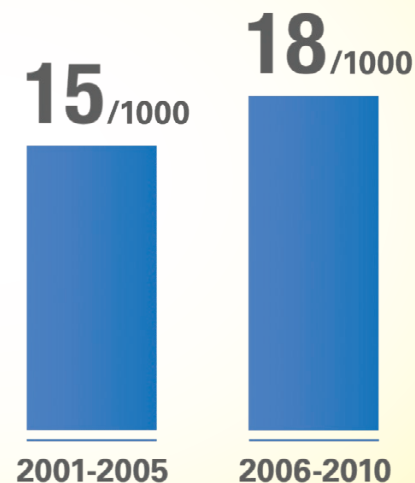
Technical support was provided by the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF and UNDP and the Office of the UN Regional Coordinator.

The global MICS programme was developed by UNICEF in the 1990s as an international household survey programme to collect internationally comparable data on a wide range of indicators on the situation of children and women. MICS surveys measure key indicators that allow countries to generate data for use in policies and programmes, setting the baseline for THE strategic Development Goals (SDGs) and other internationally agreed upon commitments.

The objective of this report is to facilitate the timely dissemination and use of results from the Belize MICS5 prior to the release of full tables and the final survey report that will contain detailed information on all survey findings by various demographic, social, economic and cultural characteristics.

For more information on indicators and the analysis conducted in the full final report please go to [mics.unicef.org](http://mics.unicef.org) and [childinfo.org](http://childinfo.org).

## Infant Mortality



## Breastfeeding Under 6 Months

**Exclusive  
breastfeeding**

**33%**

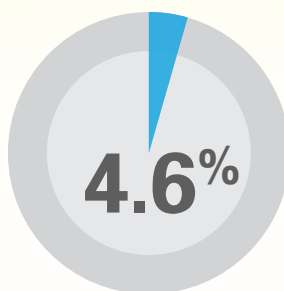
**Predominant  
breastfeeding**

**50%**

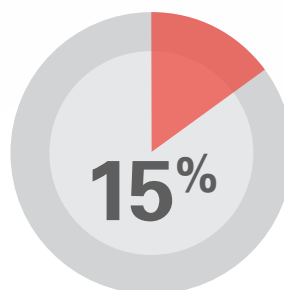


## Nutrition

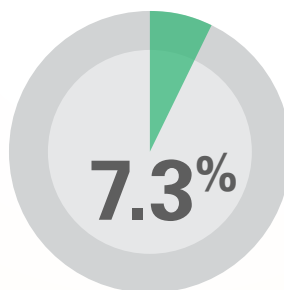
### Underweight



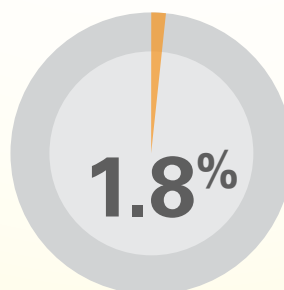
### Stunting



### Overweight



### Wasting



## Child Health

### Vaccinations and Immunization Coverage



Tuberculosis



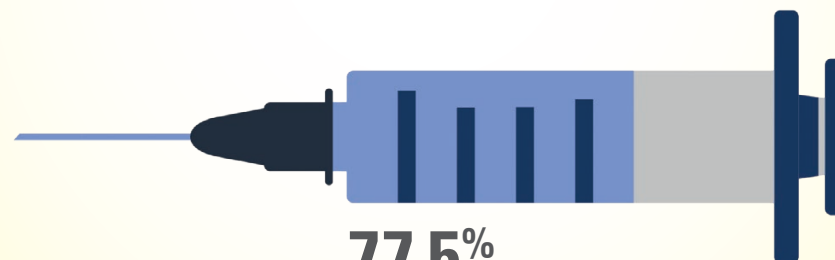
Measles



Polio



Pentavalent (DPT3)



77.5%

Full Immunization Coverage

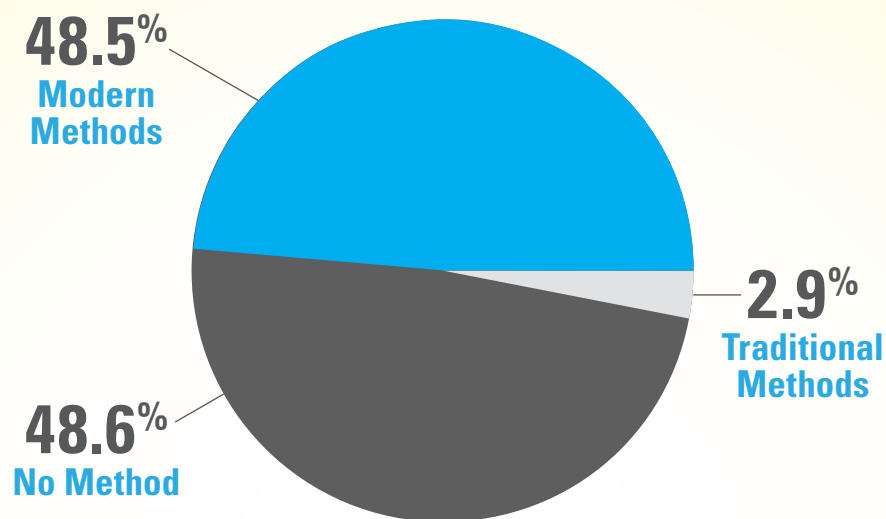
## Water & Sanitation

Households without soap  
or cleaning products

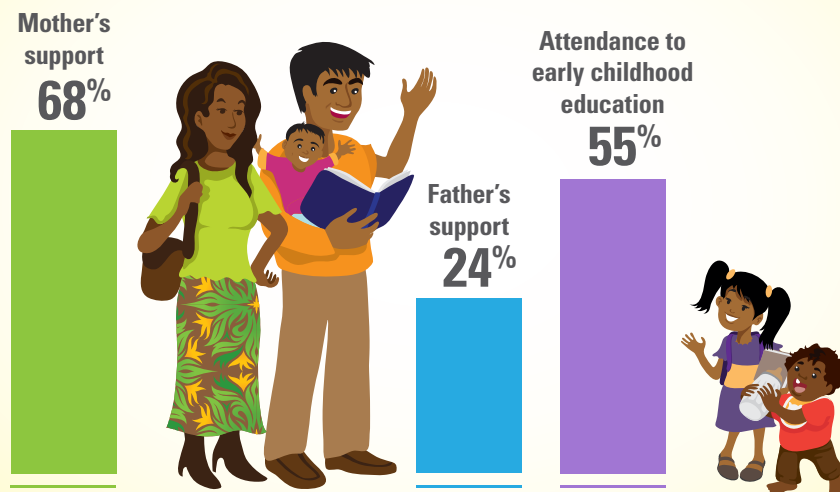
17%



## Use of Contraceptives

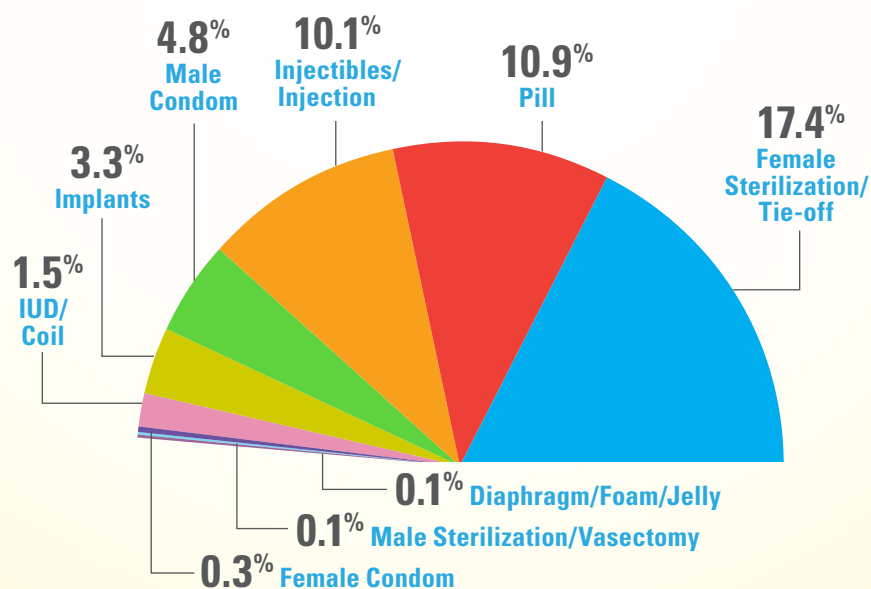


## Child Development



## Use of Contraceptives

### Modern Methods



## Literacy & Education

### Primary School Attendance

**96%** Boys  
**97%** Girls

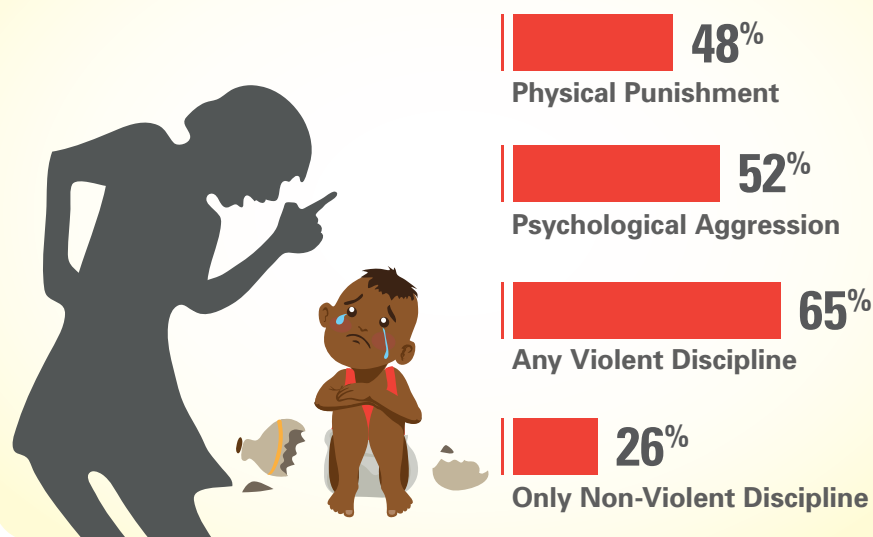


### Secondary School Attendance

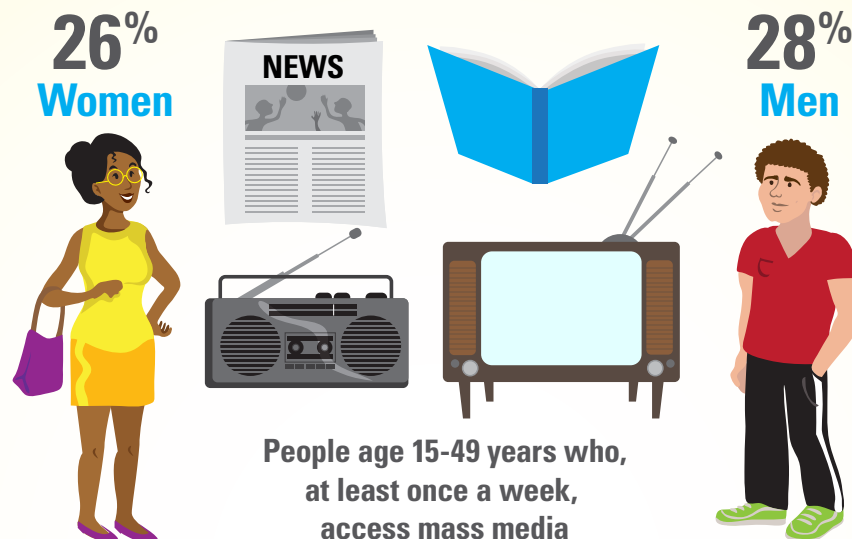
**57%** Boys  
**63%** Girls



## Child Protection

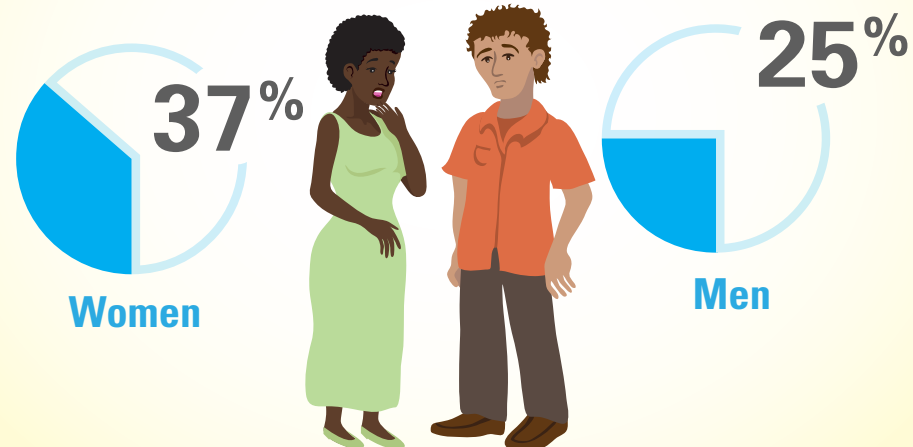


## Exposure to Mass Media

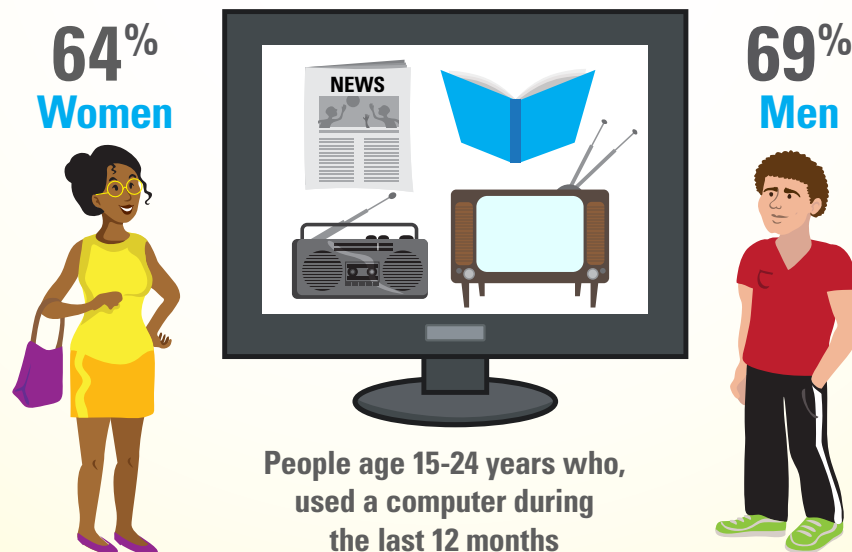


## HIV/AIDS & Sexual Behaviour

Sexually active young people who have been tested for HIV and know the results



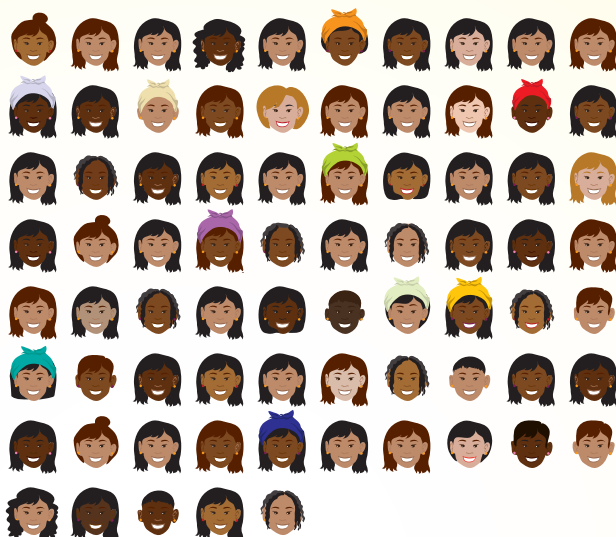
## Use of ICT



## Perception of a Better Life

**Women**  
age 15-24  
years whose  
life improved  
during the last  
one year, and  
who expect  
that their life  
will be better  
after one year

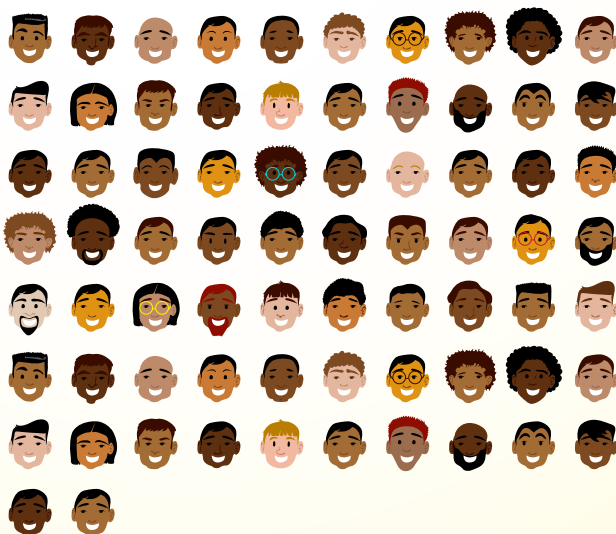
**75%**



## Perception of a Better Life

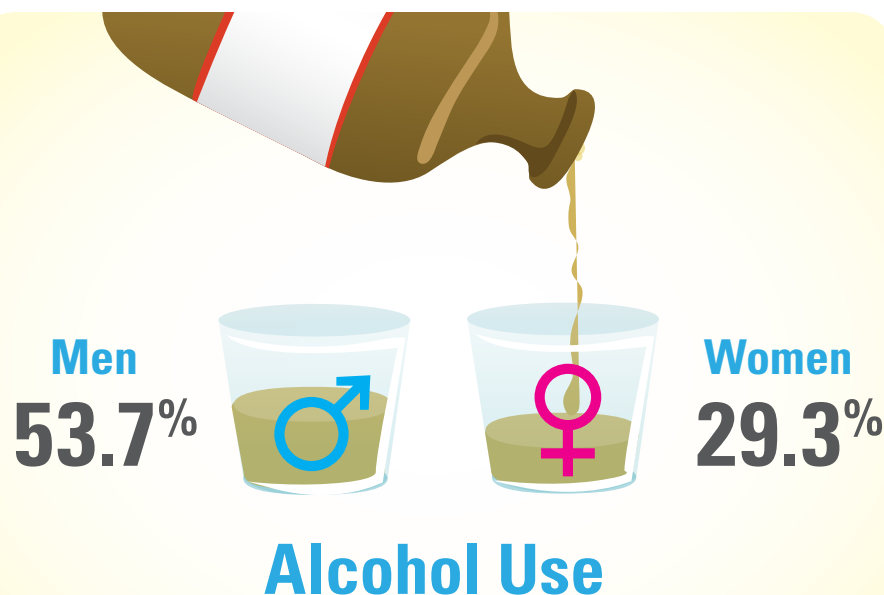
**Men**  
age 15-24  
years whose  
life improved  
during the last  
one year, and  
who expect  
that their life  
will be better  
after one year

**72%**



## Tobacco Use

People age 15-49 years who smoked cigarettes or used tobacco products during the last one month



## Alcohol Use

People age 15-49 years who had at least one alcoholic drink during the last one month

MICS

